



2024 年河北省初中毕业生升学文化课考试

卷8

英 语

(本试卷满分 120 分,考试时间为 120 分钟。)

听力部分

I. 听句子,选出句子中所包含的信息(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

1. [2024 河北中考]

A. a school

B. a museum

C. a station
2. [2024 河北中考]

A. climb hills

B. ride horses

C. take pictures
3. [2024 河北中考]

A. a tall woman

B. a strong boy

C. a lovely baby
4. [2024 河北中考]

A. Jim has got a blue pen.

B. Jim has cut the red paper.

C. Jim has colored a flower.
5. [2024 河北中考]

A. The students will make a speech.

B. The students will choose a number.

C. The students will practice a dialogue.

II. 听句子,选出该句的最佳答语(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

6. [2024 河北中考]

A. Good job.

B. Best wishes.

C. With pleasure.
7. [2024 河北中考]

A. You, too.

B. Sure, please.

C. Great, thanks.
8. [2024 河北中考]

A. Oh, I forgot it.

B. Yes, I'd love to.

C. OK, here you are.
9. [2024 河北中考]

A. I have a cold.

B. I feel better.

C. I know the medicine.
10. [2024 河北中考]

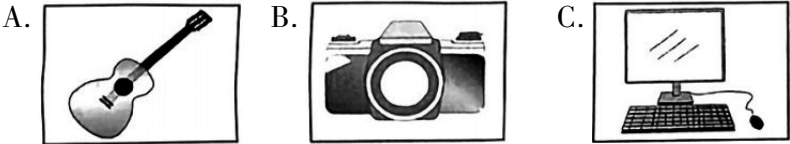
A. Why?

B. Really?

C. Pardon?

III. 听对话和问题,选择正确答案(共 8 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 8 分)

11. [2024 河北中考] What does Henry want to use?



12. [2024 河北中考] Where does the conversation probably take place?



[2024 河北中考]

13. How far is Lucy's hometown from her home?

- A. About 5 kilometers.
- B. About 10 kilometers.
- C. About 15 kilometers.

14. How did Lucy's family go to their hometown?

- A. By car.
- B. By bus.
- C. By bike.

15. What did Lucy's uncle do?

- A. He visited a farm.
- B. He cooked a meal.
- C. He told a joke.

[2024 河北中考]

16. What does Anna enjoy doing?

- A. Creating things.
- B. Fixing things.
- C. Explaining things.

17. What does Mr. Li advise Anna to be?

- A. An engineer.
- B. A teacher.
- C. A scientist.

18. Who will Anna ask for help with her math?

- A. Mr. Li.
- B. Her father.
- C. Miss Wang.

IV. 听短文和问题,选择正确答案(共 7 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 7 分)

[2024 河北中考]

19. What are Peter and Tony going to do?

- A. Play a match.
- B. Watch a match.
- C. Plan a match.

20. Where is the basketball match?

- A. In the City Square.
- B. In the Dream Hall.
- C. In the People's Park.

21. What time should Tony get to Peter's house?

- A. At 12:30 pm.
- B. At 1:30 pm.
- C. At 2:30 pm.

[2024 河北中考]

22. What will the first group do?

- A. Sing a song.
- B. Have a dance.
- C. Act out a play.

23. Where is Cindy from?

- A. Canada.
- B. France.
- C. Australia.

24. Who has travelled to many cities in China?

- A. Bob.
- B. Cindy.
- C. Jack.

25. What is Linda doing research on?

- A. Chinese food.
- B. Chinese history.
- C. Chinese kung fu.

V. 听短文填空(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

[2024 河北中考]

Information Sheet	
Field Trip	
Day:	tomorrow
Pick:	26. _____
Leave school:	27. at _____ o'clock
Wear:	28. sports _____
Don't need:	29. to bring tools or _____
Remember:	30. to keep yourself _____

笔试部分

VI. 单项选择(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

31. [2024 河北中考] Hurry up, Nancy! The meeting will start _____ ten minutes.
A. by B. in C. for D. to
32. [2024 河北中考] —Mary, is this your sister's smartwatch?
—No, _____ is pink.
A. his B. mine C. hers D. yours
33. [2024 河北中考] Jenny is an early bird. She _____ at 6:00 in the morning.
A. gets up B. got up
C. will get up D. has got up
34. [2024 河北中考] —Look! Is that girl Alice?
—No, it _____ be her. She is on a tour in Beijing now.
A. can B. can't
C. must D. mustn't
35. [2024 河北中考] Jeff still works hard _____ he has achieved great success.
A. if B. before
C. though D. because
36. [2024 河北中考] Jianshe Road is the _____ road in our city, especially around 8:00 am.
A. busier B. busiest
C. wider D. widest
37. [2024 河北中考] I'm expecting a friend. I'm afraid I _____ later.
A. order B. ordered
C. was ordering D. will order
38. [2024 河北中考] Emma got excited when her writing _____ as a model in class.
A. reads B. read
C. is read D. was read
39. [2024 河北中考] To know _____ the mountain top looks like, you need to reach it.
A. what B. when
C. where D. which
40. [2024 河北中考] Alex _____ tea culture since he came to China in 2010.

- A. studies B. studied
C. has studied D. was studying

VII. 完形填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

[2024 河北中考] Rick, a school boy, had a love for playing video games. Every day, his 41 reminded him to take some exercise instead of playing video games. However, he didn't always 42.

Once again, Rick's mom told him seriously that his eyesight (视力) might get poor if he spent too much time on video games. It was a pity that he still didn't listen 43. He kept playing. One day, during a math class, Rick's teacher got upset when he couldn't give an answer to a question like "2+2=?". After class, the teacher asked him why he couldn't solve such a 44 problem. Rick said that he knew the answer 45 couldn't see the board clearly. His teacher was worried and 46 his parents.

Realizing what had happened, Rick's mom warned him again that it was harmful to his 47 to play video games too much. And Rick's dad took him to an eye doctor for a check-up. The 48 showed that his eyesight had weakened. After asking about his habit of using eyes, the doctor advised Rick to take action to protect his eyes.

From that day on, Rick decided to 49 playing video games and take some exercise every day. Later Rick fell in love with sports and 50 his school soccer team. Now he has become stronger and healthier. His eyesight has also got better.

41. A. friends B. parents
C. teachers D. coaches
42. A. listen B. guess
C. report D. search
43. A. clearly B. bravely
C. patiently D. correctly
44. A. single B. similar
C. special D. simple
45. A. or B. so
C. but D. and
46. A. phoned B. followed
C. answered D. accepted
47. A. ears B. eyes
C. arms D. hands
48. A. cost B. name

- C. date D. test
49. A. give up B. fight for
C. depend on D. believe in
50. A. joined B. managed
C. supported D. introduced

VIII. 阅读理解(共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读 A、B、C、D 四篇材料,从每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

[2024 河北中考]

Chat (聊天) Today	
Hi, Li Jian! Are you there?	Hi! I'm here! What's up, Wang Hao?
Good. Mr. and Mrs. Sun are old and they are part of our "Help at Home" program. We can go and do something to help them.	Yes! When?
I'm doing shopping with Mum, but I'll be back at five. Maybe at 5:15?	I'm doing my science project. Can we meet 30 minutes later?
OK. Where? At the city library?	Oh, no. What about the sports center?
Sure. Zhao Min says he can clean their house and Zhang Fan says she can feed their cat and I'll water their garden.	I can make soup for them.
Good! See you there at 5:45!	See you.

51. What are Wang Hao and Li Jian mainly talking about?
A. Playing sports. B. Going shopping.
C. Helping an old couple. D. Doing a science project.
52. Where will Wang Hao and Li Jian meet?
A. At the city library. B. At the sports center.
C. At Li Jian's home. D. At the supermarket.
53. What will Zhao Min do?
A. Feed the cat. B. Make the soup.
C. Clean the house. D. Water the garden.

B

[2024 河北中考] The Hutuo River is the mother river of Shijiazhuang, the capital city of Hebei. About 20 years ago, it was dirty and almost dried up. Thanks to the government's work, it has become much cleaner.

Wu Wenzhong, a 58-year-old villager, lives near the river. “My friends and I often played with water, swam and caught fish in it when I was a child. I liked catching fish best,” he said. He remembers that the villagers had to cross the river by boat at that time. But as time passed by, it got dirty and started to dry up.

To remediate (修复) the river, the government do a lot of things. They clean the river up and build levees (防洪堤). They plant trees, grass and flowers to green the riverside. They set up fences (护栏) and put up “No Swimming” signs along the river to protect people. They stop factories from putting waste water into the river. They keep an eye on the river to make sure it stays clean for the fish, birds and people who live nearby. They also have a long-term plan to keep the river in good condition.

Now, there are more than 20 kinds of birds living around the river. It becomes a home for birds again. People can enjoy a day outdoors with the beauty of nature along the river. Wu and other villagers are happy to see the river looking good again.

The Hutuo River's story shows that when people work together to take care of nature, good things can happen.

54. What was Wu Wenzhong's favourite activity when he was a child?

- A. Boating. B. Swimming.
C. Planting trees. D. Catching fish.

55. Which question can help readers know the main idea of Paragraph 3?

- A. How does the river look?
B. When do people green the riverside?
C. Why is the river important?
D. What do the government do for the river?

56. What do we know about today's Hutuo River?

- A. Many birds live around it.
B. Factories get water from it.
C. Over 20 kinds of fish live in it.
D. Villagers make boats near it.

C

[2024 河北中考] Mike, a 12-year-old boy, lived in a hillside village. His neighboring village was famous because of a great discovery there. In 2003, paleontologists (古生物学家) found the bones (骨头) of the largest dinosaur (恐龙) in Europe in a field near his neighboring village.

Mike liked dinosaurs more than anything else in the world. He also believed that there was an amazing dinosaur bone under the ground of his own village. His dream was to be the first person to find it.

One summer morning, Mike was exploring (勘查) in a field near a river. He looked up to see his two friends Fern and Pepe running toward him with a colorful kite. Mike enjoyed playing with his friends and began to fly the kite with them. As he ran, he fell to the ground. “I caught my left foot on this grey object,” he said.

“A rock,” said Fern.

Mike looked at it carefully. “I don't think it's a rock,” he said excitedly.

“Let me pull it out,” said Pepe.

“No,” said Mike. “It's better to leave the object right here.”

Mike and the boys ran to school to tell their teacher. The teacher called the paleontologist's office. The next day, a paleontologist came to the village to examine the object. “It could be a dinosaur bone,” he said. Soon, many paleontologists came and more bones were found. They turned out to come from a new kind of dinosaur.

Fern asked, “What do we call this dinosaur?” “Interesting question,” said one of the paleontologists. “We'll call it Mikesaur!”

57. Why was Mike's neighboring village well-known?

- A. Scientists often visited it.
B. It was the largest in Europe.
C. High hills were behind it.
D. A great discovery was made there.

58. What was Mike doing before he met his friends?

- A. Flying a kite.
B. Exploring in the field.
C. Collecting grey objects.
D. Giving a report to his teacher.

59. Why did Mike say “It's better to leave the object right here.”?

- A. He thought it was a rock.
B. He thought it was a common bone.
C. He thought it was difficult to move.
D. He thought it was something valuable.

60. What do you think most probably happened next?

- A. Fern got an expensive gift.
B. The teacher sent Pepe to hospital.

C. Mike felt proud of himself.

D. More people moved into this village.

D

[2024 河北中考] At an early age, we start learning how to manage money by watching our parents' spending habits. Don't worry if we haven't learned well how to save or spend money. The following life lessons about money can help us form good spending habits.

Money doesn't grow on trees. As kids, we don't often think about where money comes from. We need to know that our parents work hard to make money, and that it may be used up one day. Going to their workplaces to watch how they work is a great way to understand money is not that easy to make.

We shouldn't spend all our money in one go. It's important for us to have a budget (预算). In other words, we need to think about how much money we have and what we really want to spend it on. Realizing that our pocket money can't cover everything we want, we should make smart spending choices.

We should set a clear goal and watch our money grow. If we wish to own a new bicycle but can't afford it, we can save our pocket money. How? Write down how much money we have in a notebook and watch it grow. After we have enough, we can buy that wonderful bicycle we've dreamed about! Reaching our goal will greatly satisfy us.

We can talk with our parents about how money is used and where money goes. Do you know what a bank account (账户) is? If not, communicate with our parents. We can also go to the supermarket with our parents to experience how money is spent in the real world.

Without doubt, we should treat money in a right way. Actually, learning about money isn't a hard job. From these lessons, we can get a sense of money management and right money values step by step!

61. Where does money come from according to the text?

- A. Parents' hard work. B. Kids' life lessons.
C. Good spending habits. D. The bank account.

62. What does the writer want kids to do by giving the example of buying a bicycle?

- A. Buy a wonderful notebook.
B. Make a free spending choice.
C. Set a goal of saving money.
D. Have an experience of shopping.

63. What does the underlined word “satisfy” mean in Paragraph 4?
A. Relax. B. Interest.
C. Surprise. D. Satisfy.
64. Which of the following will the writer probably agree with?
A. Adults can make money grow more.
B. Kids should have a money spending plan.
C. Parents may give kids lots of pocket money.
D. Supermarkets will be places to change money.
65. What is the best title for the text?
A. Causes of Spending Money
B. Ways of Managing Money
C. Purposes of Treating Money
D. Conditions of Saving Money

IX. 任务型阅读(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文,按要求完成 66~70 题。

[2024 河北中考] Nature has many ways to solve problems. We humans learn a lot from animals and plants in nature. There is a science about how we copy great ideas from animals and plants to create helpful products. It is called biomimetics (仿生学).

Some animals such as this sugar glider have wing-like structures (结构) to help them fly from tree to tree. When they jump, they spread out their arms and legs to help them fly down easily. Wing-suits, a kind of clothes, can let people experience flying. The idea of these clothes comes from the sugar glider.



sugar glider

Some animals have structures used for self-protection. An armadillo has a hard cover that can protect it from other dangerous animals. When an armadillo feels that it is in danger, it will change into a ball. Once the dangerous animal goes away, it comes out of the ball. The armadillo has taught people to create a backpack with a hard surface. The surface of the backpack protects things inside from being broken.



armadillo

Plants have helped people come up with amazing inventions, too. Perhaps the best-known example is Velcro (尼龙搭扣). It includes two pieces of cloth. They stick to each other when they are pressed together. Velcro is used on everything from handbags to clothes. The idea of Velcro is from burrs (带芒刺的小果实) of a plant. They have special structures to allow themselves to stick to people's clothing or

hair. They are taken to other places in this way.

From these examples, we can see biomimetics is widely used in our daily life. What other problems will nature help us solve in the future? Let's wait and see!

66、67 题完成句子;68~70 题简略回答问题。

66. We humans learn a lot from _____.
67. The sugar gliders spread out _____ to help them fly down easily.
68. What will an armadillo do if it feels that it is in danger?

69. Where is Velcro used?

70. What do the kind of plant and two kinds of animals in the text have in common? (依据短文内容从两个不同的方面回答)

X. 词语运用(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入一个适当的单词(有提示词的,填入所给单词的正确形式)。

[2024 河北中考] The Lin family has a son and a daughter, Lin Ming and Lin Fang. Lin Ming is seven and Lin Fang is two years 71. _____ (young) than her brother. They study in different 72. _____ (school). One day, Mrs. Lin picked up Lin Ming and then they went to Lin Fang's school together. Some boys and girls were playing 73. _____ (happy) on the playground. Lin Ming stood at the school gate and waited 74. _____ his sister. Just then, the bell 75. _____ (ring). Several minutes later, many 76. _____ (child) walked out in a line. Lin Fang was the 77. _____ (five) one in it. When Lin Ming saw her, he couldn't wait to run to her. “Fangfang,” Lin Ming 78. _____ (shout). Jumping with joy, Lin Fang rushed to meet 79. _____ (he). They hugged each other and walked to their mother hand in hand. When Mrs. Lin saw this, 80. _____ big smile appeared on her face. Her heart was filled with happiness.

XI. 基础写作(包括 A、B 两部分,A 部分 5 分,B 部分 15 分,共 20 分)
A) 连词成句(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

将所给词语连成句子,要求符合语法,语句通顺,大小写正确,词语不得重复使用。句末标点已给出。

81. [2024 河北中考] poems, I, writing, like
_____.

82. [2024 河北中考] my life, make, rich, poems
_____.
83. [2024 河北中考] am, a, in, poem club, I
_____.
84. [2024 河北中考] wonderful, the, how, is, club
_____!
85. [2024 河北中考] is, what, hobby, your
_____?

B) 书面表达(满分 15 分)

86. [2024 河北中考] 假定英语课上你们正在就“课堂表现”开展同伴互评活动,下面是你的同伴张军的自我课堂表现记录(Class Record)。请你根据记录内容写一篇短文,总结他五个方面的课堂表现并进行简单评价,然后就他需要改进的两个方面提出建议。

Class Record	Name: Zhang Jun	
Questions	Yes	No
Did you listen to the teacher carefully?	✓	
Did you answer questions actively?	✓	
Did you ask any questions?		✓
Did you work well in your group?	✓	
Did you take notes?		✓

注意:(1)短文中不得出现真实的地名、校名和人名。
(2)词数 80 个左右(开头已给出,不计入总词数)。

Well done, Zhang Jun! You listened to the teacher carefully in class and _____

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参考答案

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
答案	A	A	B	C	C	A	B	B	A	C	C	A	B	C	B
题号	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
答案	B	A	C	B	C	C	A	A	C	B	apples	9/nine	shoes	lunch	safe
题号	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
答案	B	C	A	B	C	B	D	D	A	C	B	A	C	D	C
题号	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
答案	A	B	D	A	A	C	B	C	D	D	A	D	B	D	C
题号	61	62	63	64	65										
答案	A	C	D	B	B										

66. animals and plants in nature
67. their arms and legs
68. It will change into a ball.
69. Velcro is used on everything from handbags to clothes.
70. ①They have special structures.
②They help people to create helpful products.
71. younger 72. schools 73. happily 74. for 75. rang

76. children 77. fifth 78. shouted 79. him 80. a
81. I like writing poems
82. Poems make my life rich
83. I am in a poem club
84. How wonderful the club is
85. What is your hobby

★全解全析

31. B 【解析】考查介词辨析。句意为：快点，南希！会议将在 10 分钟后开始。by 意为“在……之前”；in 意为“在……之后”；“for+时间段”表示持续一段时间；to 意为“到”。根据句意可知，会议将在 10 分钟后开始。
32. C 【解析】考查代词辨析。句意为：——玛丽，这是你妹妹的智能手表吗？——不，她的是粉红色的。his 意为“他的”；mine 意为“我的”；hers 意为“她的”；yours 意为“你的”。根据 your sister’s smartwatch 可知，她的智能手表是粉红色的。
33. A 【解析】考查动词的时态。句意为：珍妮是一个早起的人。她在早上 6 点起床。根据“Jenny is an early bird.”可知，此处时态为一般现在时。
34. B 【解析】考查情态动词辨析。句意为：——看！那个女孩是艾丽斯吗？——不，那不可能是她。她现在在北京旅行。can 意为“可以”；can’t 意为“不可能”；must 意为“必须”；mustn’t 意为“禁止”。根据“She is on a tour in Beijing now.”可知，那个女孩不可能是艾丽斯。
35. C 【解析】考查连词辨析。句意为：尽管杰夫已经取得了很大的成功，但是他仍然努力工作。if 意为“如果”；before 意为“在……之前”；though 意为“虽然”；because 意为“因为”。根据句意可知，此处表示让步。
36. B 【解析】考查形容词辨析和形容词的比较等级。句意为：建设路是我们城市最繁忙的道路，尤其在早上 8 点左

- 右。根据句意可知，建设路应该在早上八点左右最繁忙，故排除 C、D 项。根据 the 和 in our city 可知，此处应用形容词的最高级。
37. D 【解析】考查动词的时态。句意为：我在等一个朋友。恐怕我要过会儿点餐。根据语境和 later 可知，本句时态为一般将来时。
38. D 【解析】考查动词的时态和语态。句意为：当埃玛的文章被当作范例在班上读的时候，她变得很兴奋。read 与 her writing 形成被动关系，故用被动语态；由 got excited 可知，从句时态为一般过去时，故用一般过去时的被动语态。
39. A 【解析】考查连接词辨析。句意为：为了知道山顶看上去是什么样子的，你需要到达山顶。what 意为“什么”；when 意为“何时”；where 意为“在哪里”；which 意为“哪个”。根据句意可知，此处表示“山顶是什么样子的”，故用 what。
40. C 【解析】考查动词的时态。句意为：自从亚历克斯 2010 年来到中国，他就在学习茶文化。根据 since 引导的时间状语从句可知，主句时态为现在完成时。
- 【完形填空·语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文，主要叙述了里克不听从父母的建议，长时间玩电子游戏，结果视力下降，在父亲带他看医生后，他决定改变自己的习惯的故事。
41. B 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为：每天，他的父母都提醒他做些运动，而不是玩电子游戏。friend 意为“朋友”；

parent 意为“父；母”；teacher 意为“教师”；coach 意为“教练”。根据第二段中的“Once again, Rick’s mom told him seriously that his eyesight might get poor if he spent too much time on video games.”可知，他的父母提醒他。故选 B 项。

42. A 【解析】考查动词辨析。句意为：然而，他并不总是听。listen 意为“听”；guess 意为“猜测”；report 意为“报告”；search 意为“搜寻”。根据下文“It was a pity that he still didn’t listen _____.”可知，他没有总是听父母的建议。故选 A 项。

43. C 【解析】考查副词辨析。句意为：可惜他还是没有耐心听。clearly 意为“清晰地”；bravely 意为“勇敢地”；patiently 意为“耐心地”；correctly 意为“正确地”。根据“Once again, Rick’s mom told him seriously that his eyesight might get poor if he spent too much time on video games.”并结合选项可知，他仍然没有耐心听。故选 C 项。

44. D 【解析】考查形容词辨析。句意为：课后，老师问他为什么不能解决这么简单的问题。single 意为“单独的”；similar 意为“相似的”；special 意为“特殊的”；simple 意为“简单的”。根据上文中的“2+2=?”可知，此处指简单的问题。

45. C 【解析】考查连词辨析。句意为：里克说他知道答案，但看不清黑板。or 意为“或者”；so 意为“因此”；but 意为“但是”；and 意为“并且”。根据句意可知，此处应用 but 表示转折关系。故选 C 项。

46. A 【解析】考查动词辨析。句意为：他的老师很担心，打电话给他的父母。phone 意为“打电话”；follow 意为“跟着；遵循”；answer 意为“回答”；accept 意为“接受”。根据 His teacher was worried 可知，此处指打电话给他的父母。故选 A 项。

47. B 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为：意识到发生了什么事，里克的妈妈再次警告他，玩太多电子游戏对他的眼睛有害。ear 意为“耳朵”；eye 意为“眼睛”；arm 意为“胳膊”；hand 意为“手”。根据上文和常识可知，玩太多的电子游戏对眼睛有害。故选 B 项。

48. D 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为：测试表明他的视力减弱了。cost 意为“成本”；name 意为“名字”；date 意为“日期”；test 意为“测试”。根据上句“And Rick’s dad took him to an eye doctor for a check-up.”可知，这个测试显示他的视力减弱了。故选 D 项。

49. A 【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意为：从那天起，里克决定放弃玩电子游戏，每天做一些锻炼。give up 意为“放弃”；fight for 意为“为……奋斗”；depend on 意为“依靠”；believe in 意为“信任”。根据 take some exercise every day 及本段最后一句可知，此处表示放弃玩电子游戏。故选 A 项。

50. A 【解析】考查动词辨析。句意为：后来里克爱上了运

动，并加入了学校足球队。join 意为“加入”；manage 意为“成功做到”；support 意为“支持”；introduce 意为“介绍”。根据 Later Rick fell in love with sports 可知，他爱上了运动并且加入学校的足球队。故选 A 项。

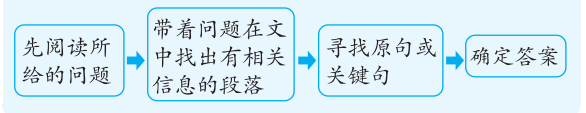
上分辨析 辨析 attend、join、join in 与 take part in

易混词(组)	意义及用法
attend	正式用语，意为“出席”，指参加会议、婚礼、葬礼、典礼或去上课、上学、听报告等。
join	意为“加入”，多指加入某个组织。常用结构 join sb. in doing sth. 意为“和某人一起做某事”。
join in	多指参加小规模的活动，如球赛、游戏。
take part in	指参与某一群众性活动，强调参加该项活动并在活动中发挥作用。

【阅读 A 篇·语篇导读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了两个人对帮助老年人的一些安排。

51. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Mr. and Mrs. Sun are old and they are part of our ‘Help at Home’ program. We can go and do something to help them.”可知，他们在谈论帮助一对老年夫妇的事。故选 C 项。

上分有法 细节理解的解题技巧



52. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“What about the sports center?”和“Sure.”可知，他们会在运动中心见面。故选 B 项。

53. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Zhao Min says he can clean their house 可知，赵民（音译）会打扫房子。故选 C 项。

【阅读 B 篇·语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了滹沱河在政府的努力下变得更干净的相关信息。

54. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中的 I liked catching fish best 可知，他小时候最爱的活动是抓鱼。故选 D 项。

55. D 【解析】主旨大意题。根据第三段中的“To remediate the river, the government do a lot of things.”及后文可知，本段主要介绍了政府对滹沱河做的一些事情。故选 D 项。

56. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段中的“Now, there are more than 20 kinds of birds living around the river.”可知，现在很多鸟居住在滹沱河附近。故选 A 项。

长难句分析

The Hutuo River's story shows that when people work together to take care of nature, good things can happen. 滹沱河的故事表明,当人们齐心协力爱护大自然时,好事就会发生。本句为复合句。“that when people work together to take care of nature, good things can happen”作 shows 的宾语,that 为宾语从句引导词;从句中 when 引导时间状语从句。

【阅读 C 篇·语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章叙述了迈克发现恐龙骨头后报告老师的故事。

57. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段中的“His neighboring village was famous because of a great discovery there.”可知,迈克的邻村出名是因为那里有一个重大的发现。故选 D 项。
58. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段中的“One summer morning, Mike was exploring in a field near a river. He looked up to see his two friends Fern and Pepe running toward him with a colorful kite.”可知,在迈克遇到他的朋友之前,他正在一片田地里勘查。故选 B 项。
59. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据第五段至第八段可知,迈克说最好把这个东西留在这里是因为他认为它是一个有价值的东西。故选 D 项。
60. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后两段可推断,迈克会为自己所做的事感到自豪。故选 C 项。

长难句分析

He also believed that there was an amazing dinosaur bone under the ground of his own village. 他还相信在他自己村庄的地下有一块神奇的恐龙骨头。本句为复合句,主句为 He also believed, that 为宾语从句引导词,无实义,从句为 there was an amazing dinosaur bone under the ground of his own village。

【阅读 D 篇·语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了如何管理金钱。

61. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中的 We need to know that our parents work hard to make money 可知,金钱来自父母的辛勤工作。故选 A 项。
62. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据第四段第一句“We should set a clear goal and watch our money grow.”及本段列举的买自行车的例子可知,作者想让我们设立一个省钱的目标。故选 C 项。
63. D 【解析】词义猜测题。根据第四段中的“Reaching our goal will greatly satiate us.”并结合选项可猜测, satiate 意为“让……满意”。故选 D 项。
64. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段中的“Without

doubt, we should treat money in a right way.”可知,作者认为孩子应该正确对待金钱,故作者会同意“孩子应该有一个花钱计划”这一观点。故选 B 项。

65. B 【解析】主旨大意题。本文主要介绍了管理金钱的一些方式,故 B 项可作为文章的最佳标题。故选 B 项。

长难句分析

After we have enough, we can buy that wonderful bicycle we've dreamed about! 我们有了足够的钱之后,就可以买我们梦寐以求的那辆美妙的自行车了! 本句为复合句,After 引导时间状语从句;主句中 we've dreamed about 是省略了关系词的定语从句,作 bicycle 的定语。

【任务型阅读·语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了人们可以从自然界的动物和植物身上学到很多,并且发明有用的物品的信息。

66. animals and plants in nature 【解析】根据第一段中的“We humans learn a lot from animals and plants in nature.”可知答案。
67. their arms and legs 【解析】根据第二段中的“When they jump, they spread out their arms and legs to help them fly down easily.”可知答案。
68. It will change into a ball. 【解析】根据第三段中的“When an armadillo feels that it is in danger, it will change into a ball.”可知答案。
69. Velcro is used on everything from handbags to clothes. 【解析】根据第四段中的“Velcro is used on everything from handbags to clothes.”可知答案。
70. ① They have special structures. ② They help people to create helpful products. 【解析】根据“Some animals such as this sugar glider have wing-like structures to help them fly from tree to tree.”“Some animals have structures used for self-protection.”及“... burrs of a plant. They have special structures to allow themselves to stick to people's clothing or hair.”可知,它们有特殊的结构;根据“The idea of these clothes comes from the sugar glider.”“The armadillo has taught people to create a backpack with a hard surface.”和“Plants have helped people come up with amazing inventions, too... burrs of a plant.”可知,它们帮助人们创造有用的产品。
- 【词语运用·语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文,主要叙述了林太太带着儿子一起接女儿放学的情形。
71. younger 【解析】考查形容词比较级。由 than 可知,此处应填 young 的比较级。故填 younger。
72. schools 【解析】考查名词。different 后常接可数名词复数,此处应填 school 的复数形式。故填 schools。
73. happily 【解析】考查副词。分析句子结构可知,空处修

饰动词 playing, 故填 happy 的副词形式。故填 happily。

74. for 【解析】考查介词。wait for 意为“等待”, 为固定短语。故填 for。

75. rang 【解析】考查动词的时态。根据 Just then 可知, 本句时态为一般过去时, 故填 ring 的过去式。故填 rang。

76. children 【解析】考查名词。根据空前的 many 可知, 此处应填 child 的复数形式。故填 children。

77. fifth 【解析】考查序数词。根据空前的 the 及空后的 one 可知, 此处应填 five 对应的序数词。故填 fifth。

上分总结 基数词变序数词

- 1、2、3 单独记, th 从 4 加起;
- 8 去 t, 9 去 e, ve 要用 f 替;
- 整十基数变序数, ty 变为 tie;
- 要是遇到两位数, 十位基数个位序;
- th 最后加上去, 这个规律要牢记。

78. shouted 【解析】考查动词的时态。根据上下文可知, 本句时态为一般过去时, 故填 shout 的过去式。故填 shouted。

79. him 【解析】考查代词。空处作 meet 的宾语, 故填 he 的宾格形式。故填 him。

80. a 【解析】考查冠词。此处表示泛指, 且 big 的发音以辅音音素开头, 故填 a。

86. One possible version:

Well done, Zhang Jun! You listened to the teacher carefully in class and answered the questions actively. Besides, you worked well in the group and always got good grades in group activities.

However, you still have something to improve, such as
不定式 to improve 作后置定语; such as 例如; take
notes 做笔记

asking more questions and taking notes. Here is some advice for you.

First of all, ask more questions because knowledge comes from questioning. Only in this way can you get more.

“only+状语”引起部分倒装
In addition, you'd better write down what you have learned in
what you have learned 是宾语从句; in order to review it
after class 作目的状语

order to review it after class. I believe you can make more progress.